Amendments to the Claims

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions and listings of the claims in this application:

 (Original) A method for forming a pattern on a substrate, comprising: applying a precursor comprising at least one metal to a substrate to form a precursor layer;

exposing a predetermined portion of the precursor layer; and developing the predetermined portion of the precursor layer, thereby at least substantially removing the predetermined portion from the substrate and forming a pattern on the substrate comprising a remaining portion of the precursor.

- 2. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the precursor comprises a molecular precursor.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 1, wherein the precursor comprises particles in contact with chemically bound to at least one ligand.
- 4. (Original) The method of Claim 3, wherein the particles comprise sol particles.
- 5. (Original) The method of Claim 3, wherein the particles comprise microparticles.
- 6. (Original) The method of Claim 3, wherein the particles comprise nanoparticles.
 - 7. (Original) The method of Claim 3, wherein the particles comprise ceramics.
 - 8. (Original) The method of Claim 3, wherein the particles comprise alloys.
- 9. (Original) The method of Claim 4, further comprising transforming the precursor into a gel.
- 10. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the precursor comprises Ti(PrⁱO)₂(EAA)₂.
 - 11. (Canceled)

- 12. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said exposing comprises photochemically reacting, photothermally reacting and combinations thereof.
- 13. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said exposing comprises radiating the predetermined portion of the precursor layer with electromagnetic radiation.
- 14. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the electromagnetic radiation comprises ultraviolet radiation.
- 15. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said developing comprises contacting the first predetermined portion with a polar solvent.
- 16. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said developing comprises contacting the first predetermined portion with a protic solvent.
- 17. (Original) The method of Claim 1 further comprising:
 exposing a second predetermined portion of the precursor layer; and
 developing the second predetermined portion of the precursor layer, thereby at least
 substantially removing the second predetermined portion from the substrate and forming a
 second pattern on the substrate comprising a second remaining portion of the precursor.
- 18. (Original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising pre-exposing the precursor layer to energy before said exposing.
- 19. (Original) The method of Claim 18, wherein said pre-exposing comprises photochemically reacting, photothermally reacting and combinations thereof.
- 20. (Original) The method of Claim 18, wherein the pre-exposing comprises radiating the predetermined portion of the precursor layer with electromagnetic radiation.
- 21. (Original) The method of Claim 18, wherein the electromagnetic radiation comprises ultraviolet radiation.
- 22. (Original) The method of Claim 18, wherein the pre-exposing further comprises selecting a predetermined fraction of a minimum energy necessary for developing the predetermined portion of the precursor.
- 23. (Original) The method of Claim 18, further comprising post-exposing the precursor to energy after said exposing step.

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- 24. (Original) The method of Claim 1 further comprising post-exposing the precursor to energy after said exposing step.
- 25. (Original) The method of Claims 23 or 24, wherein said post-exposing comprises photochemically reacting, photothermally reacting and combinations thereof.
- 26. (Original) The method of Claims 23 or 24, wherein the post-exposing comprises radiating the predetermined portion of the precursor layer with electromagnetic radiation.
- 27. (Original) The method of Claim 23 or 24, wherein the electromagnetic radiation comprises ultraviolet radiation.
- 28. (Original) An electronic component formed by a process comprising: applying a precursor comprising at least one metal to a substrate to form a precursor layer;

exposing a predetermined portion of the precursor layer; and developing the predetermined portion of the precursor layer, thereby at least substantially removing the predetermined portion from the substrate and forming a pattern on the substrate comprising a remaining portion of the precursor.

- 29. (Original) The electronic component of Claim 28, wherein the precursor comprises a molecular precursor.
- 30. (Currently Amended) The electronic component of Claim 28, wherein the precursor comprises particles in contact with chemically bound to at least one ligand.
- 31. (Original) The electronic component of Claim 30, wherein the particles comprise sol particles.
- 32. (Original) The electronic component of Claim 30, wherein the particles comprise microparticles.
- 33. (Original) The electronic component of Claim 30, wherein the particles comprise nanoparticles.
- 34. (Original) The electronic component of Claim 30, wherein the particles comprise ceramics.

- 35. (Original) The electronic component of Claim 30, wherein said particles comprise alloys.
- 36. (Original) The electronic component of Claim 31, further comprising transforming the precursor into a gel.
- 37. (Original) The electronic component of Claim 28, wherein the process further comprises pre-exposing the precursor to energy before said exposing.
- 38. (Original) The electronic component of Claim 28, wherein the process further comprises post-exposing the precursor to energy after said exposing.
- 39. (Original) The electronic component of Claim 37, wherein the process further comprises post-exposing the precursor to energy after said exposing.
 - 40. (Original) A precursor comprising: a metal-containing material comprising Ti(PrⁱO)₂(EAA)₂ or any isomer thereof; and a casting solvent.
- 41. (Original) A film of material comprising Ti(PrⁱO)₂(EAA)₂ or any isomer thereof.
 - 42. (Original) An electronic component comprising:
 - a substrate; and
- a metal-containing material comprising Ti(PrⁱO)₂(EAA)₂ or an isomer thereof applied to said substrate.
- 43. (New) The method of claim 2, wherein the precursor further comprises particles chemically bound to least one ligand.
- 44. (New) The method of claim 29, wherein the precursor further comprises particles chemically bound to least one ligand.

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